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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/615,683	07/09/2003	Jun Hatakeyama	5576-120DV	9811
20792	7590 10/20/2004	EXAMINER		INER
MYERS BIGEL SIBLEY & SAJOVEC PO BOX 37428			ASHTON, RO	SEMARY E
RALEIGH, NC 27627			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1752	

DATE MAILED: 10/20/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Antique Comments	10/615,683	HATAKEYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Rosemary E. Ashton	1752				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on the phone conversation of 10/12/04.						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7,9,12,14,17 and 19</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4,9,14 and 19</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,7,12,17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>09/697,921</u> .						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) A Interview Summa					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)				
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office A	ction Summary F	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20041013				

Application/Control Number: 10/615,683

Art Unit: 1752

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed July 9, 2003 has been considered in part. No copies of the foreign documents or the non-patent literature were submitted by applicant and thus they have not been considered.

# NONSTATUTORY DOUBLE PATENTING

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 2. Claims 1,2,7 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,673,511. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to use n as 1 or 2 in formula (I) because the patent teaches n is 1-3 for formula (I).
- 3. Claims 1,2,7,12 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,673,511. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to use n as 1 or 2 in formula (I) because the patent teaches n is 1-3 for formula (I).

Application/Control Number: 10/615,683

application/Control Number: 10/015,0

Art Unit: 1752

4. Claims 1,2,17 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 7 of U.S. Patent No. 6,673,511. Although the conflicting

claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been

obvious to use n as 1 or 2 in formula (I) because the patent teaches n is 1-3 for formula (I).

5. Claims 1,2,17 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 7 of U.S. Patent No. 6,673,511. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to use n as 1 or 2 in formula (I) because the patent teaches n is 1-3 for formula (I).

6. Claims 3 and 5 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 3 and 5, respectively, of U.S. Patent No. 6,673,511.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims 3 and 5 of the instant application read on "comprising" language and thus includes other reagents such as those in claims 3 and 5 of the patent. These reagents are an alkali insoluble or sparingly soluble polymer having acidic groups blocked by an acid labile group, a solvent and an acid generator which are well known and standard reagents in a positive resist composition.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 4,9,14,19 are allowed.
- 8. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: No prior art was found that teaches formula II in a resist composition wherein formula II has the structure:

$$\left(R^{63}O\right)^{R^{62}} N \left(CO_2R^{64}\right)_q$$
 (II)

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 10/615,683

Art Unit: 1752

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rosemary E. Ashton whose telephone number is 571-272-1326. The examiner works a 6

hr. daily work schedule and can normally be reached M-F between 10:00 am and 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Cynthia Kelly can be reached at 571-272-1526.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is

703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from

either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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October 12, 2004

Rosemary E. Ashton **Primary Examiner** 

Page 4

Art Unit 1752

**ROSEMARY ASHTON** PRIMARY EXAMINER

de Alta.